

THE LANCET

Supplementary appendix

This appendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed.
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Supplementary Appendix

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MONKEYPOX MODE OF TRANSMISSION (MOTION) STUDY GROUP

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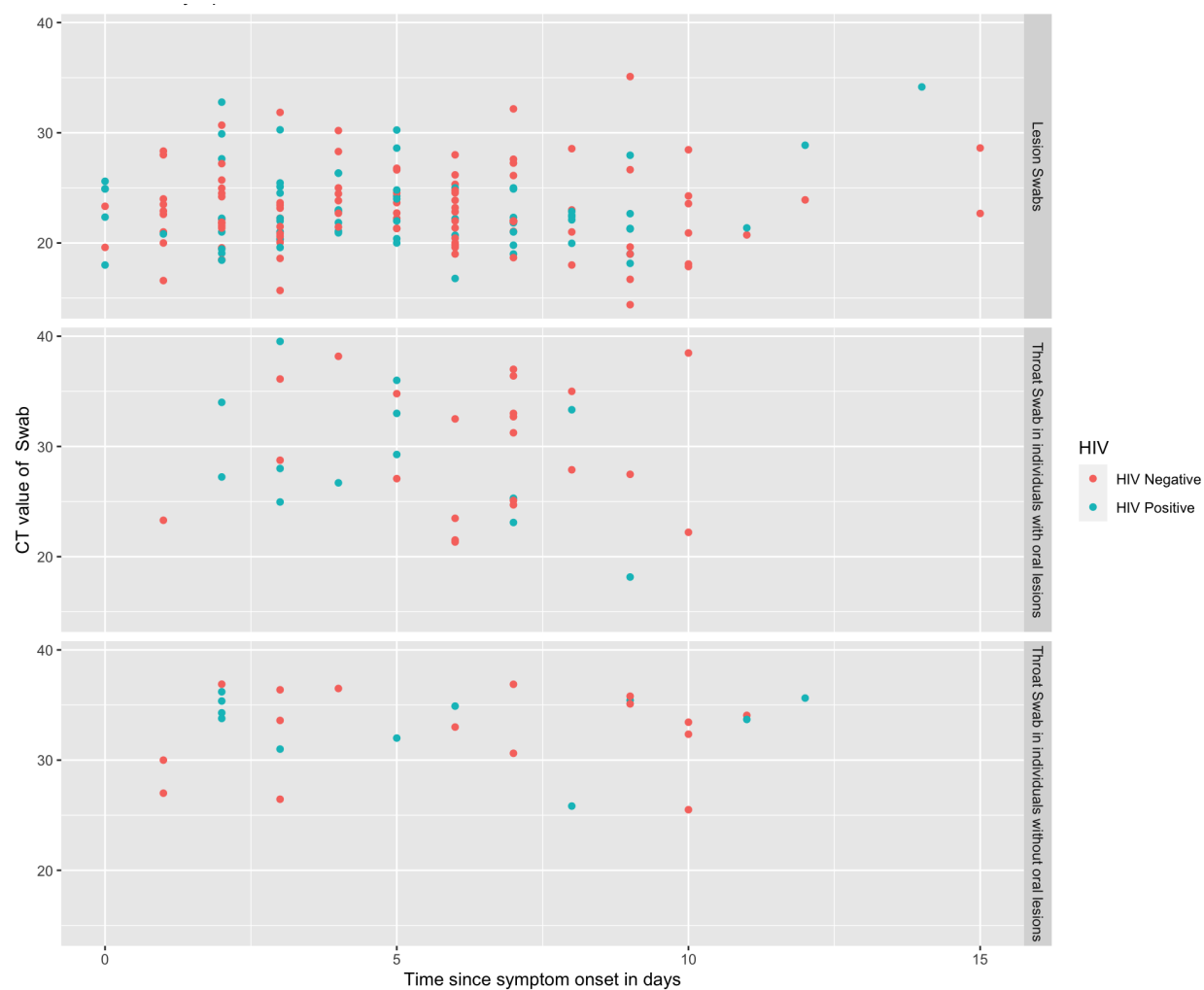
Figure S1. Time since symptom onset and viral load by HIV status

Figure S2. Time until healing of lesions by HIV status

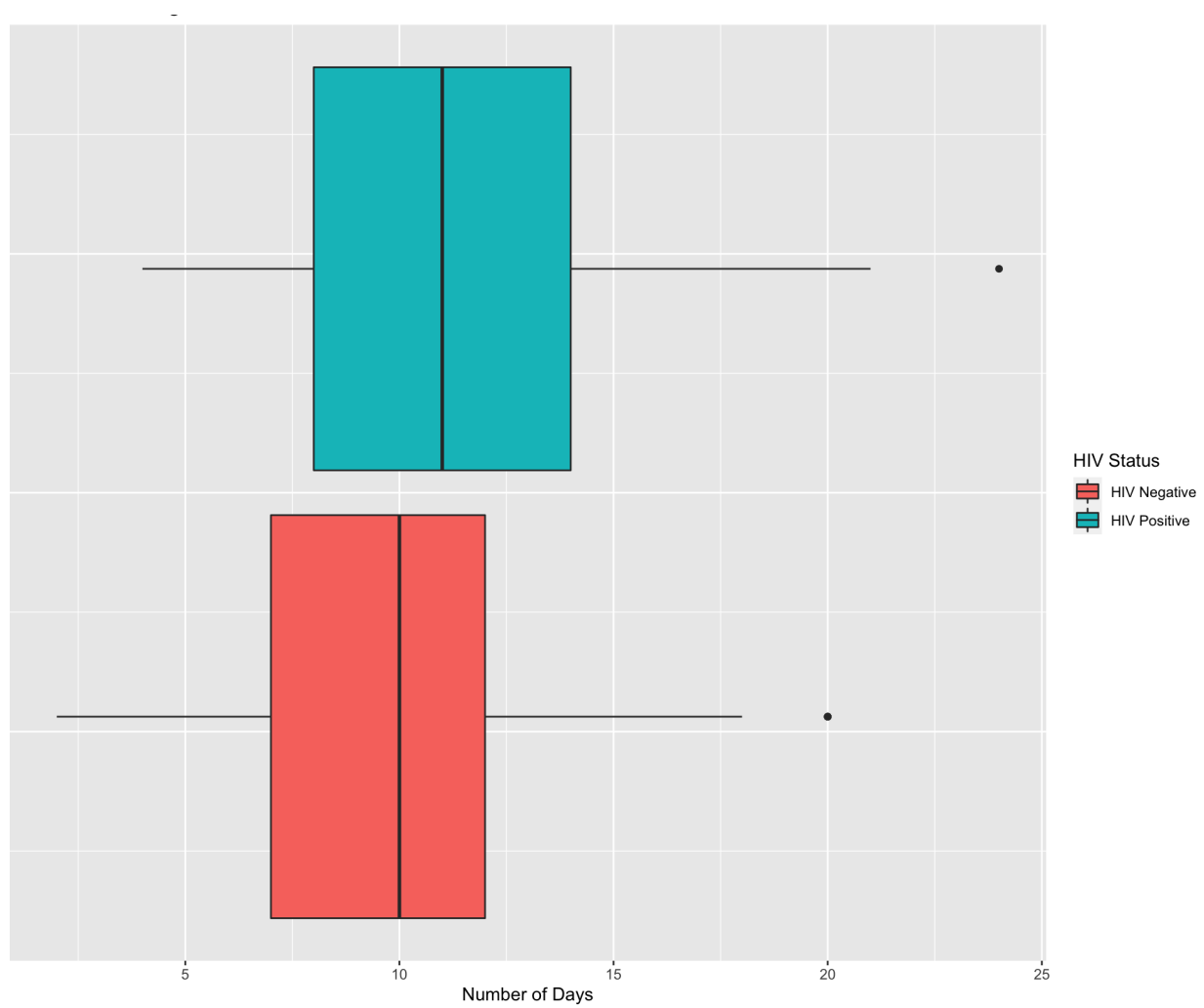


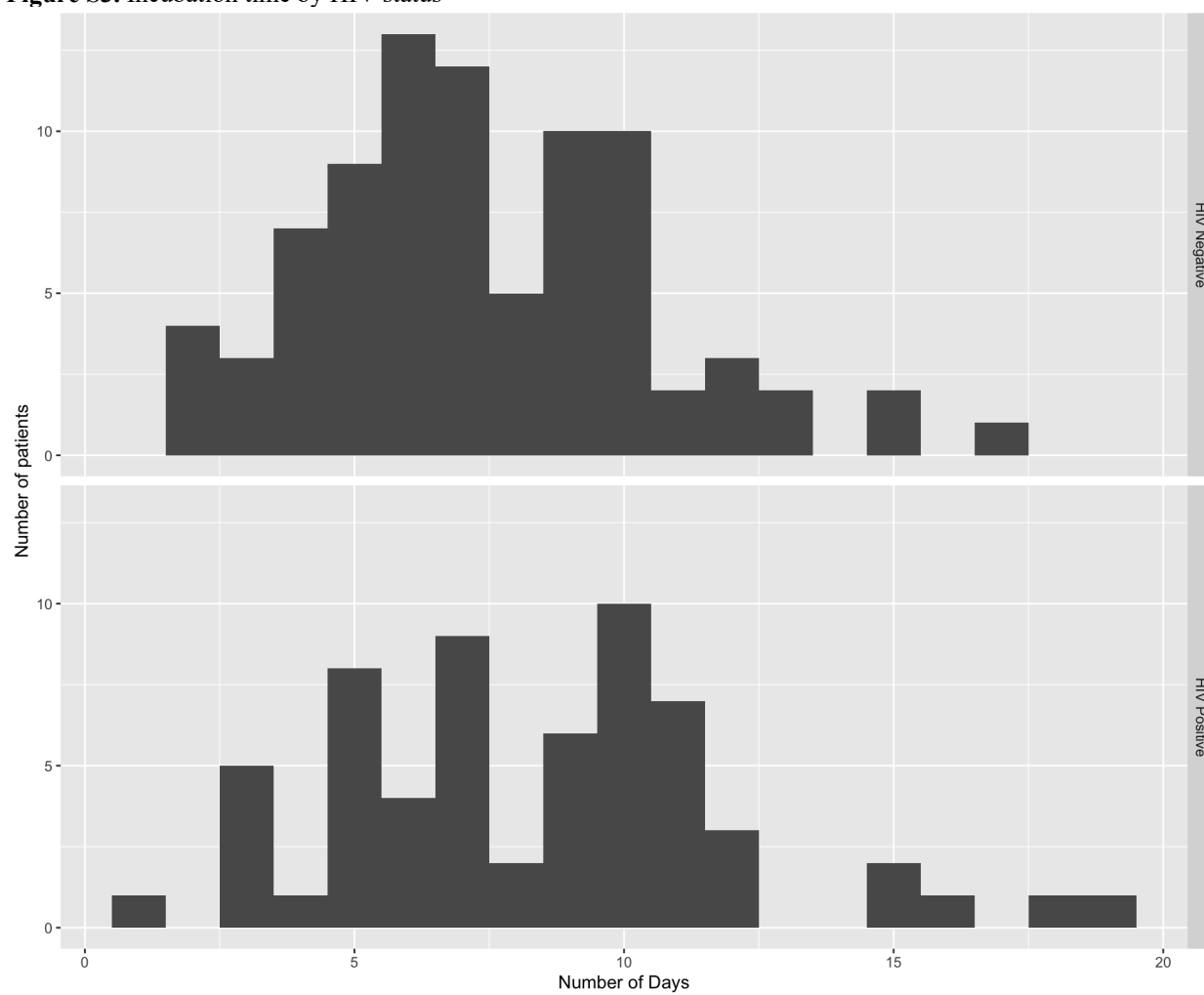
Figure S3. Incubation time by HIV status

Figure S4. Time until healing of lesions by reported smallpox vaccination status

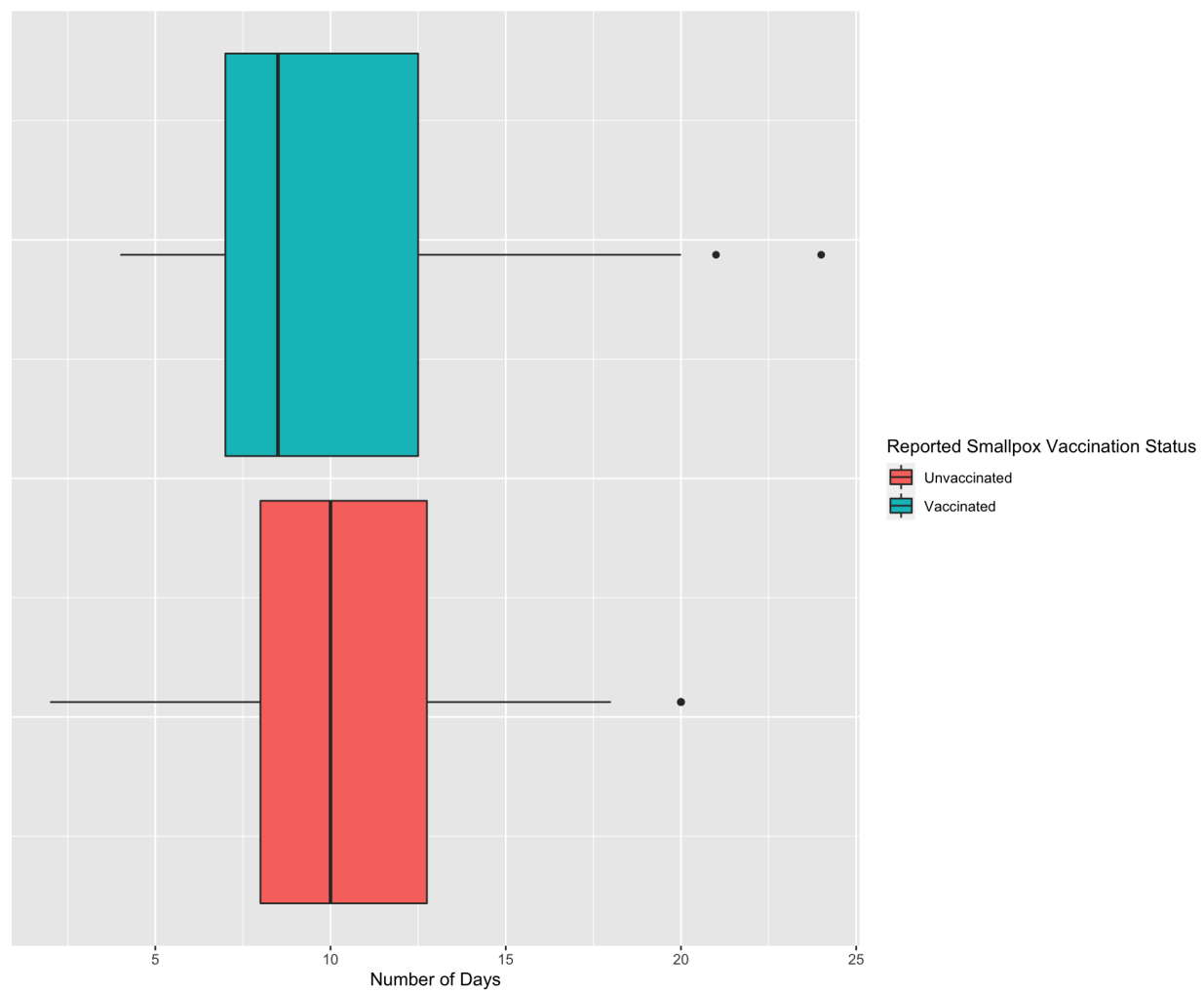
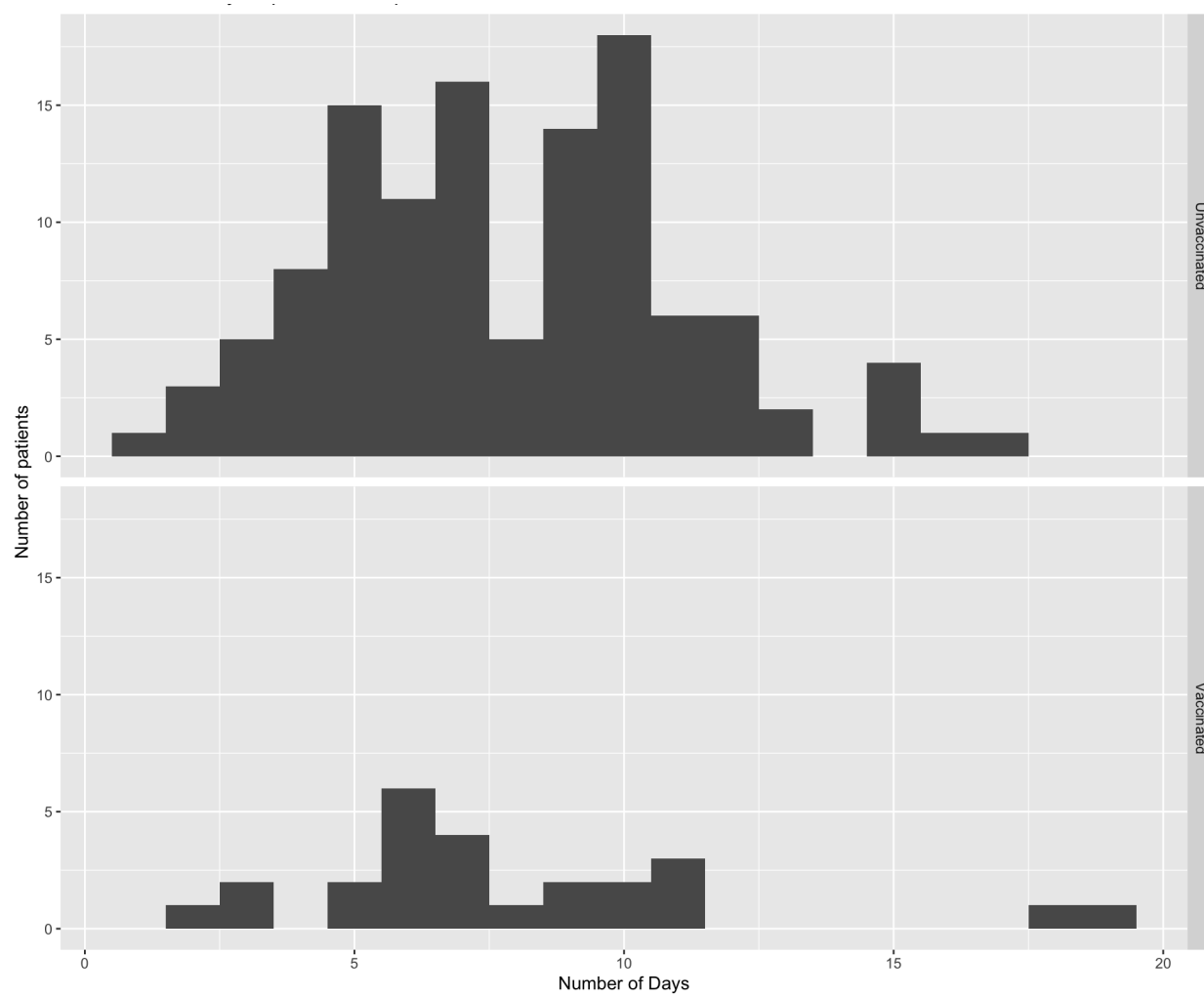


Figure S5. Incubation time by reported smallpox vaccination status



Supplementary Table 1. Causes of bacterial abscesses

Location of abscess	Causative Organism
Perianal Abscess	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
Perianal Abscess	<i>Escherichia coli</i>
Skin Abscess	<i>Streptotoccus dysgalactiae</i>
Skin Abscess	<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>
Skin Abscess	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
Skin Abscess	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>

Supplementary Table 2. Key clinical features based on HIV status and smallpox vaccination status

Clinical Feature		HIV Status		History of Smallpox Vaccination*	
		HIV Negative (n = 109)	HIV Positive (n = 72)	Unvaccinated (n = 143)	Vaccinated (n = 32)
Fever		78 (72%)	53 (74%)	108 (76%)	19 (59%)
Headache		55 (50%)	41 (57%)	75 (52%)	16 (50%)
Arthralgia		62 (57%)	43 (60%)	82 (57%)	19 (59%)
Localised Lymphadenopathy		94 (86%)	59 (82%)	123 (86%)	26 (81%)
Number of lesions	1-2	11 (10%)	10 (14%)	16 (11%)	4 (13%)
	3-20	89 (82%)	56 (78%)	117 (82%)	24 (75%)
	>20	9 (8%)	6 (8%)	11 (8%)	4 (13%)

*Smallpox vaccination status was unknown for 6 participants